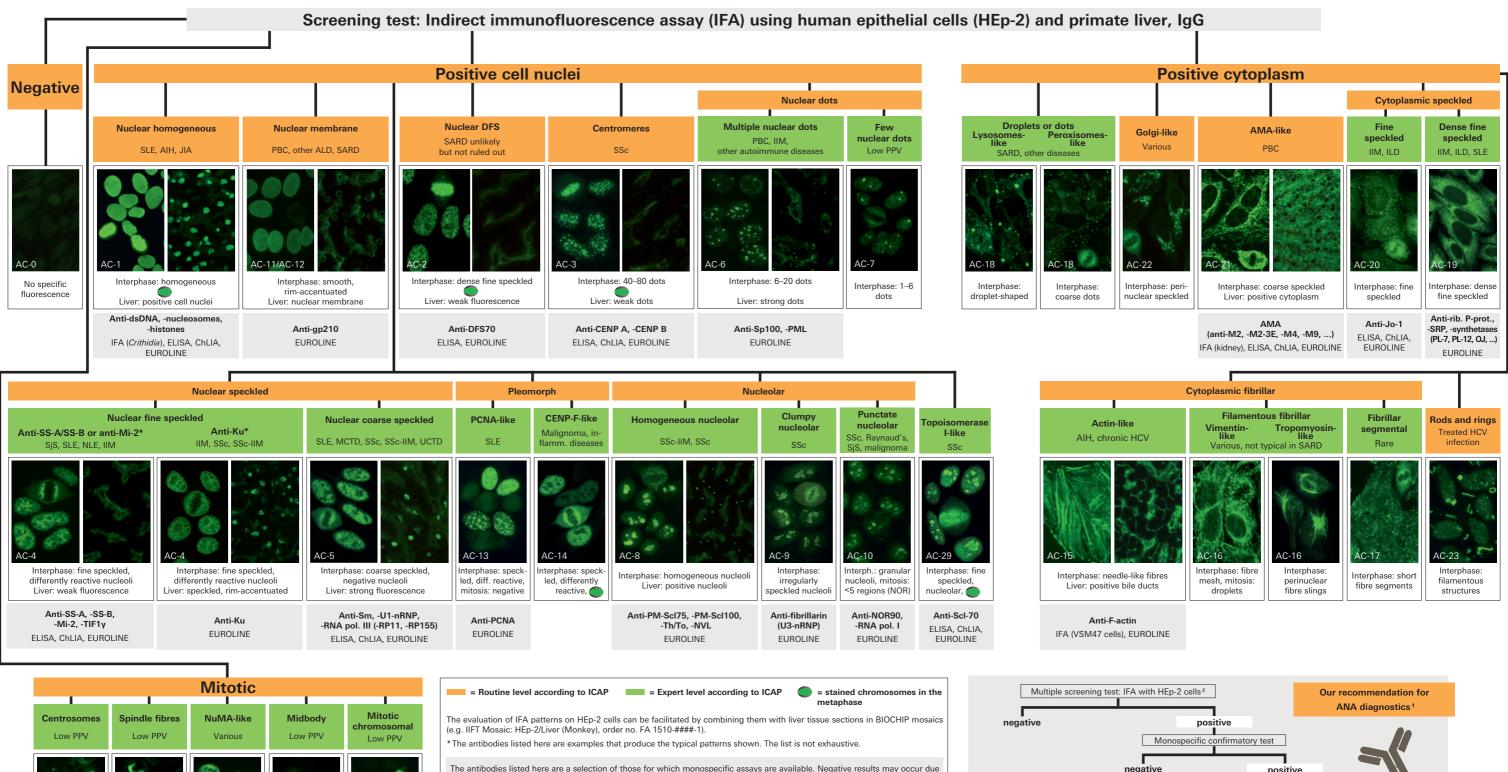
Strategy for the determination of autoantibodies against cell nuclei (ANA) and cytoplasm components



Based on ICAP, Agmon-Levin N, et al. International recommendations for the assessment of autoantibodies to cellular antigens referred to as anti-nuclear antibodies. Ann Rheum Dis. 73(1):17-23 (2014), and international guidelines

If there is a strong clinical suspicion of e.g. IIM or SSc, the monospecific determination of certain antibodies should be performed (simultaneously) independently of the IFA result.

Regulatory status of the products must be verified for the user's individual jurisdiction. Please contact your country

Mitosis: positive

spindle apparatus

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spindle apparatus

to antibodies that have not been tested or are unknown.

ICAP: International concensus on ANA patterns, www.ANApatterns.org (Chan et al. Report of the first international cons

on standardized nomenclature of antinuclear antibody HEp-2 cell patterns 2014-2015, ICAP. Front Immunol. 2015 Aug 20;6:412.)

AIH: autoimmune hepatitis ALD: autoimmune liver disease HCV: hepatitis C virus HEp-2: human epithelial cells IFA: immuno

fluorescence assay IIM: idiopathic inflammatory myopathies ILD: interstitial liver disease JIA: juvenile idiopathic arthritis MCTD: mixed connective tissue disease. Sharp syndrome NLE: neonatal lupus erythematosus PBC: primary biliary cholangitis (cirrhosis)

PPV: positive predictive value for a disease SARD: systemic autoimmune rheumatic disease SiS: Sjögren's syndrome SLE: sys

temic lupus erythematosus SSc: systemic sclerosis UCTD: undifferentiated connective tissue disease

³ Negative results may occur due to antibodies that have not been tested or are unknown